JAPAN AVIATION ELECTRONICS IND., LTD. CONNECTOR DIVISION 日本航空電子工業株式会社 コネクタ事業部

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## SPECIFICATION TABLE 製品規格表

Connector Specification No. JACS-10189-01

Connector Series Name 品名 WM2F054WPA WM2M054JPA

Applicable Drawing No. 製品図面 SJ100657, SJ100658

ΤK

С

Rev. 版数	Date 発行日	DCN No	Drawn by 担当	Checked by 査閲	Approved by 承認
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## Standard data 定格

Current (signal)	AC 0.5A r.m.s. per contact	
Voltage (signal)	AC 125V r.m.s.	
Operating temperature range	-40°C to 85°C	

## Notes:

- 1. This specification covers the requirements for the WM2 series connectors.
- 2. This connector series have (Lead-free)Tin plated parts. Although this plate might be tarnished depending on the temperature profile in soldering, the product performance satisfies this specification.

nt 規定					
MECHANICAL					
Meets requirements of product drawing.					
oduct drawing.					

REFERENCE ONLY

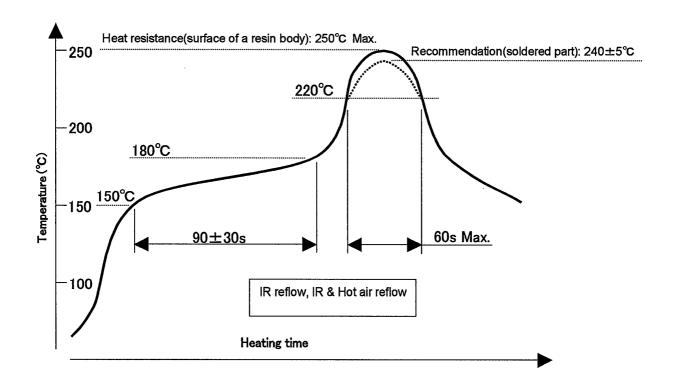
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		JACS-10/89-0	
Item	Procedure 試験方法	Requirement 規定	
Vibration	Applying an appropriate holder is allowed in Vibration test and Shock test.		
	Amplitude 1.5mm at 10~55Hz for 2 hours for each connector, 3 axes, 6 hours in total.	No electrical discontinuity more than 1 μs . No damage.	
Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 202, 490m/s², 3 axes		
Durability	Mate and unmate the connector for 10,000 cycles.	Contact Resistance: 80m $\Omega$ (Max.)	
Driving torque test	Tighten it with a torque.	9N.cm (Min.) (Avoid making damages to the insulator).	
Mechanical strength	Applied force in direction (The mated state)	No damage that affects function	
	WM2M054JPA		
	(1)Force in un-mating direction: 490 N		
	(2)Force in mating direction: 220 N (3)Force applied to sides: 490 N		
	unmating		
	mating		
	WM2F054WPA (1)Force in mating direction: 490 N		
	(2)Force applied to sides: 350 N		
	(3)Force applied to top: 50 N (4)Force applied to Bottom: 50 N		
	mating		
	top		
	bottom		
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	ELECTRICAL		
Voltage proof	Apply the specified voltage between adjacent contacts.	500V AC r.m.s. No breakdown caused for 1 minute.	
Insulation resistance	Apply 500V DC between adjacent contacts and measure its insulation resistance within 1 minute.	100M $\Omega$ (Min.)	
Contact resistance	Measure it with low voltage less than 20mV and 1mA.	60m $Ω$ (Max.)	
Shell resistance	Measure it with low voltage less than 20mV and 1mA.	40m $\Omega$ (Max.)	
	ENVIRONMENTAL		
Rapid change of temperature	Subject specimens to 5 cycles between -55°C and +85°C.	Insulation resistance: $50M\Omega$ (Min.) Voltage proof: $250~V~r.m.s.$ 1 minute. No breakdown.	
Damp heat, steady state	Subject specimens to 90 to 95% RH at 60°C at for 96 hours.	Contact resistance: 80m $\Omega$ (Max.)	
Corrosion, salt mist	Subject specimens to 5% salt concentration at 35°C for 48 hours.	There should be no corrosion detrimental to contact connection. Contact resistance: 80m $\Omega$ (Max.)	
Resistance to soldering heat	See Figure 1 for the condition	No damage.	
Dry heat (high temperature)	Subject specimens to 85 °C for 96 hours continuously	Contact resistance: 80m $\Omega$ (Max.)	
Solder ability	After dipping in the flux for 5 to 10 seconds, immerse connector specimens to a solder of Sn-Ag-Cu (Sn96.5%) mated at 240 $\pm$ 3°C for 5 $\pm$ 0.5 seconds.	More than 90% of the surface is covered with solder.	
Solder heat	Reflow soldering method: At heat-resistant temperature profile (see below) Soldering iron method: Soldering iron temperature 350±5°C for 3±0.5s	No defects such as appearance	

## [Heat-resistant and Recommended temperature profile of reflow soldering]

Preheating temperature		150 to 180°C	90±30s
Main heating temperature		220°C or more	60s Max.
Da ale taman anatuma	Heat resistance	250°C Max	10s Max.
Peak temperature	Recommendation	240±5℃	10s Max.
Number of reflows		2 cycles or less	



**Note:** As this reflow conditions varies in the reflow facility and PCB, please conduct the evaluation of your reflow conditions before manufacturing.